

13 Days- Nepal & India's Golden Triangle Tour



Overview

It takes you on an exciting trip to Nepal with the cities of Kathmandu, Pokhara, Trekking tour, camping, Sarangkot the beautiful sightseeing point, Chitwan .Also covers important cities of India: Delhi, Jaipur, & Agra which is popularly know as the Golden Triangle tour.

Outline Itinerary (13 Days)

Day 1 : Day 01: Arrive Kathmandu

On Arrival at Tribhuvan International Airport meet and Great Later transfer to hotel, at evening the orientation will be at the Kathmandu hotel after arrival and at the evening welcome dinner with the Cultural program (A program with dances and singing from different ethnic groups and cast of Nepalese community with Nepalese dinner). Overnight at Himalayan Suite Hotel.

Day 2 : Day 02: Kathmandu to Pokhara

On Arrival Meet and Great Later Travel to Phedi by private transportation and trek to Dhampus 4-5 hour's. Overnight at Guest House (B):

Day 3 : Day 03: Trek to Australian Camp

Trek to Australian camp via Dhampus 4-5 hours . Overnight at Guest House (B):

Day 4 : Day 04: Trek to Sarangkot

Trek to Sarangkot 5-6 hours. (Sarangkot is the place from where we can see Sun set and magnificent view of mountains. and drive back to pokhara Overnight at Hotel Mount kalish . (B):

Day 5 : Day 05: Pokhara to Chitwan

After breakfast drive to Chitwan by private car and check in hotel Elephant ride, Elephant bath, Tharu village visit . Overnight at Hotel Sevenstar (B.L.D) Breakfast Lunch Dinner:

Day 6 : Day 06:Chitwan/Kathmandu

After breakfast Moring Safari And Other Activety Later Drive to Kathamndu On Arrival Checked in at Hotek Stay Overnight at Hotel:

Day 7 : Day 07: Kathmandu/Delhi

After breakfast transfer to airport for your departure. On Arrival
Checked Meet and Great Sightseeing Tour Of Old Delhi And New Delhi:

Humayun's Tomb:-If you think Humayun's Tomb looks a bit like the TajMahal in Agra, that's because it was the inspiration for the TajMahal's creation. The tomb was built in 1570, and houses the body of the second Mughal emperor, Humayun. It was the first of this type of Mughal architecture to be built in India, and the Mughal rulers followed it up with an extensive period of construction all over the country.

QutubMinar:-QutabMinar, the tallest brick minaret in the world, is an incredible example of early Indo-Islamic architecture. It was built in 1206, but the reason remains a mystery. Some believe that it was made to signify victory and the beginning of Muslim rule in India, while others say it was used to call the faithful to prayer.

Lotus Temple:-The Bahai Temple is commonly referred to as the Lotus Temple, as it's shaped like a lotus flower. It's particularly pretty at night, when it's attractively lit up. Made out of white marble, the temple belongs to the Bahai Faith, which proclaims the unity of all people and religions. Everybody is welcome to worship there.

India Gate:-The towering archway of India Gate at the center of New Delhi is a war memorial, built in memory of the Indian soldiers who lost their lives fighting for the British Army in World War I. At night it glows warmly under floodlights, and the gardens that line its boulevard are a popular place to enjoy a warm summer's evening.

Laxmi Narayan Temple:-Built in 1938 by the Industrialist G.D. Birla, it is one of the major temples in Delhi and is located near Connought Place. The temple is dedicated to Goddess Laxmi and her consort Narayana. The temple was inaugurated by Mahatma Gandhi on the stipulation that people of all castes shall be allowed to enter the temple.

Stay overnight at Hotel in Delhi..

Day 8 : Day 08 : Delhi/Agra

After breakfast proceed to Agra check-in to the hotel later start a sightseeing tour of Agra visit:

TajMahal:-You cannot think of Agra without thinking of TajMahal. Or, you might not have thought of Agra were it not for the monument of love. TajMahal, the white marble beauty was constructed by Shah Jahan in memory of his beloved wife, MumtazMahal. The monument stands proof for the brilliance of Mughal architecture.

Agra Fort :-You would regret if you miss Agra Fort during your visit to Agra. The 16th century monument is yet another proof of the architectural brilliance of Mughals. This is situated near the gardens of the world famous TajMahal. Called the Red Fort of Agra, you will be awe inspired by the powerful fortress.

Itmad-ud-Daulah:-India's first tomb to be made completely out of marble, Itmad-Ud-Daulah signals the beginning of new era in Mughal architecture. Until then, it was buildings of red sandstone. It was constructed during Jahangir's period. The 21-meter high tomb was constructed in memory of MirzaGhiyas, who was the father-in-law of Jahangir.

later Drive Back to hotel, overnight stay in Agra.

Day 9 : Day 09 : Agra/Jaipur via Visit Fatehpur Sikri

After breakfast proceed to Jaipur visit en route:

Fatehpur Sikri: -Built by Akbar, the Mughal emperor in 1570, the city was a tribute to Sufi Saint. Fatehpur Sikri is a perfect blend of Indian, Islamic and Persian architecture and it was built using red sandstone. For around 10 years, the city remained the capital of Mughal Empire. The city has a 6-kilometer long wall on three sides and there are towers and gates. It houses some of the city's important buildings namely Buland Darwaza, Birbal's House, Panch Mahal and Jama Masjid.

Later proceed to Jaipur. On arrival check in Hotel. Stay overnight at Hotel in Jaipur.

Day 10 : Day 10: Jaipur Tour

After breakfast at hotel start tour in Jaipur and visit:

Visit Amer Fort: -The old capital of the Kachhwahas stands atop a range of craggy hills. The fort is remarkable as much for the majestic grandeur of its surroundings as for its sturdy battlements and beautiful palaces. It is a fine blend of Hindu and Muslim architecture. The solemn dignity of its red sandstone and white marble pavilions, when reflected in the lake at the foot hill, is a sight to behold. The original palace was built by Raja Man Singh, the additional extensions were built by Maharaja Mirza Raja Jai Singh and Sawai Jai Singh II the last Maharaja of Amer, who built a new city called Jaipur, where he shifted his capital in 1727.

Jal Mahal: -On the way to Amer, this small palace is set in the middle of Man Sagar Lake. Renovation around the lake is in progress.

City Palace: -situated in the heart of the old City, it occupies about one

seventh of the old city area. The palace is a blend of Rajput and Mughal architecture, it houses a Seven storeyed Chandra Mahal in the centre, which affords a fine view of the gardens and the city. Diwan-E-Am (Hall of public audience) has intricate decorations and collection of manuscripts, Diwan-E-Khas (Hall of private audience) has a marble pawed gallery Mubarak Mahal has a rich collection of costumes and textiles.

JantarMantar:-built in 18th century by Maharaja Sawai Jai Singh II, the huge masonry instruments were used to study the movement of constellations and stars in the sky. Enormous sun-dial still provides accurate time, which is subject to daily corrections.

HawaMahal:-built in 1799, by Maharaja SawaiPratap Singh, is the most recognizable monument of Jaipur. The 5 storied stunning semi-octagonal monument having 152 windows with overhanging latticed balconies is a fine piece of Rajput architecture. Originally designed for the royal ladies to watch and enjoy the processions and other activities, on the street below.

Albert Hall Museum:- situated in the Ram Niwas Garden. This graceful building was founded in 1876 by Prince Albert (also known as Albert Hall). It has a rare collection of archaeological and handicraft.

Evening Free to Visit Local Markets Stay Overnight at Hotel in Jaipur.

Day 11 : Day 11: Jaipur/Delhi

After breakfast day free and proceed to Delhi. Upon arrival in Delhi check-in to the hotel, overnight stay in Delhi:

Day 12 : Day 12 : Delhi /Kathmandu

After breakfast transfer to Airport for Flight Kathmandu On arrival meet and Great Later Visit Sightseeing Tour of Kathmandu Included Bhakta Purevening stay Overnight at Hotel Stay Overnight at Hotel.

Day 13 : Day 13 : Kathmandu

After breakfast transfer to Airport for Onwards Connection.

Include / Exclude

- Arrival Departure Transfers.
- 4* Accommodation in Kathmandu Hotel Mulberry.
- Pokhara (Hotel Mount KailashResort), in twin sharing bed and breakfast basis.
- Seven Star Resort in Chitwan With Breakfast & Diner.
- Meals, accommodation, insurance and other expenses of trekking crew (guide and porters) 2 people will have one porter and highly experienced English speaking guide.
- Accommodation in lodge with breakfast during the trek with attached bath room and hot shower.
- Welcome dinner and cultural program.
- Necessary permit, TIMS and National Park fees.
- Necessary equipment during the trek.
- Safari in Chitwan National Park.
- All Government taxes, VAT and service charge.
- Flight Kathmandu/Delhi /Kathmandu.
- All sightseeing with Private Transport.
- Elephant ride in Jaipur.
- All Aplicacable Taxes.
- Flight Kathmandu to Pokhara.
- Lunch & dinner in Kathmandu, Pokhara and trekking days. (Meal costs about US 3 – 6 dollar per item depending on place where you eat).
- City sightseeing entry fee in Kathmandu (Entrance fee cost RS 200+250+1000)
- Paragliding (USD 110) and flight ticket KTM-PKR (USD 110 PP for one way)
- Any other activities or items not mentioned in the itinerary
- Entrance Tickets in India
- Lunch and Dinner
- Tipps & personal Expenses
- Personal equipment and clothing



Himalayan Social Journey

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